

## Problem Set 5

Due: Week 13

1. Suppose the PDF of a random variable  $X$  is

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{8}x & 0 \leq x \leq 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

What is the value of  $t$  such that  $P(X \leq t) = 1/4$ ?

- (a) 1
  - (b) 2
  - (c) 4
  - (d) None of the above
2. Suppose the PDF of a random variable  $X$  is

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ce^{-2x} & x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

What is the value of the constant  $c$ ?

- (a) 1
  - (b) 2
  - (c) 4
  - (d) None of the above
3. Suppose a random variable  $X$  has a continuous distribution with the PDF as follows

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

What is the expectation of  $1/X$ ?

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 1/2

- (d) None of the above
4. Given  $X \sim U(2, 6)$ , what are the mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$  of  $X$ ?
- $\mu = 4, \sigma^2 = \frac{4}{12}$
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  - $\mu = 4, \sigma^2 = \frac{4}{9}$
5. If  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ , which of the following statements is true?
- $P(X = \mu)$  is maximized
  - $X$  is symmetric about  $\mu$
  - The mean  $\mu$  is always 0
  - The variance  $\sigma^2$  is always 1
6. For a standard normal distribution  $Z \sim N(0, 1)$ , what is  $P(-1 \leq Z \leq 1)$ ?
- 0.68
  - 0.95
  - 0.50
  - 0.99
7. For a standard normal distribution  $Z \sim N(0, 1)$ , what is the value of  $z$  such that  $P(Z \leq z) = 0.975$ ?
- 1.28
  - 1.65
  - 1.96
  - 2.33
8. A bank records the time customers spend waiting in line for a teller. It is known that the waiting time  $X$  (in minutes) has a mean of 3 minutes. Assume the waiting time for each customer is independent. A customer complains that they had to wait for more than 10 minutes. Which of the following best describes the probability that a customer will have to wait more than 10 minutes?
- $P(X > 10)$ , where  $X \sim \text{Unif}(0, 10)$
  - $P(X > 10)$ , where  $X \sim \text{Exp}(1/3)$
  - $P(X > 10)$ , where  $X \sim N(3, 1)$
  - $P(X > 10)$ , where  $X \sim \text{Pois}(3)$
9. Suppose that  $X, Y, Z$  are *i.i.d* random variables and each has the standard normal distribution. Find the value of  $P(3X + 2Y < 6Z - 7)$ .
10. Suppose that a random sample of 16 observations is drawn from the normal distribution with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation 12, and that independently another random sample of 25 observations is drawn from the normal distribution with the same mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation 20. Let  $\bar{X}$  and  $\bar{Y}$  denote the sample means of the two sample. Find the value of  $P(|\bar{X} - \bar{Y}| < 5)$ .